

3

AUTHOR/WORK/
CONTEXT

REF MORE STRATEGIES

Hint
Strategy 1:
Factorize the
Discriminant

INCOGNITO'S DICTIONARY

②

1772-2020

outlines the difficulties that have faced African Americans throughout the years. He acknowledges the fact even though the ~~black~~ African-American forefathers had fought in major wars for the United States, ~~these~~ ~~that~~ they were not granted full civil freedom. Green, however still appears to the authority and popularity of these "noble and patriotic sires" (4).

"Yes/But" Argument

3

Expository
Exposition

4

Argumentative
Exposition

He also uses anaphora with the statement "it is true" (9) (15) in order to show that he understands the plight of these people. After outlining these ~~grievances~~ grievances, Green shifts to a direct call to arms in the following paragraphs.

In the last two paragraphs, Green attempts to rouse and inspire the African Americans. He is speaking to by a direct call to arms. In this final section he **Call to Action**

emotional appeal with words such as "honorable" and "glorious" (34). He uses a bottom-up approach by stating that although their present situation is regrettable, ~~the~~ the African Americans should not lack the "burning zeal and enthusiasm" which "inspires other men (26)". One more, Green employs

appeals to authority in referring to "Justice and honor of the Republic" (33) "trusting in God" (36). His purpose in doing this is to appeal to the religious and patriotic ideals of an oppressed race to inspire them to fight for the Republic. Before his conclusion of the speech, Green employs an

and ingenious attack upon the "howling" voices of the South who are proponents of the "great system" (48). Green concludes that God will stand behind the African American's fight because God stands for the "justice and equality to all men" (50) throughout his ~~speech~~ speech, **Prayer**

employed several persuasive techniques such as appeal to authority, and honor, and bottom-up. He makes use of these strategies in order to motivate the African-

Recaps

(5)

Anditions from their oppressed state and
make them to fight for the natural rights
that the United States was built upon.
In doing this, Green's speech exemplifies
the historical tendency of an oppressed people
to rise against their oppressions and declare
themselves free.

UNIVERSAL

- * More on Plain Folk
- Direct
- Great Diction - Includes
- most elements
- Commentary

GREEN ESSAY

Intro

- UNIVERSAL - Context of Civil War
- Aura of work
- Thesis - Purpose of speech & strategies to support it
- Set Tones / Diction of Paper

Logos

- "Yes, but" - Acknowledges opposition
- "It is true" - "Let us"
- Fact in Justice (Exs) - "Not to Civil"
- Insights self the movement ("Time of Needs")

Pathos

- Appeals to Patriotism / Heroism - Diction etc
- Alliterative Generalities - Duty / Honor / Glory / Hope
- Justice / Truth / Beauty
- Real / Given / Intuitive

Ethos

- Plain Folk / Identification - us / we / our / brethren / Fatherland
- The Power
- Exhortations ("let us")

Other

- Repeat Strategies
- Repeat Aura / work
- Discuss Effect / Outcome / Goal / Consequences of speech